

Benha University Faculty of Engineering (Electrical Engineering Department

Semester *O* (1st year) *Computer Programming* (b) - *E1124* t Spring Semester 2021- 2022



Lab. (3) **Pointers and References (2)** Answer the following questions **Question One:** Printing Variable Addresses for three variables in C++ #include <iostream.h> int main() ł // declare variables int var1 = 3; int var2 = 24; int var3 = 17; L // print address of var1 cout << "Address of var1: "<< &var1 << endl; // print address of var2 cout << "Address of var2: " << &var2 << endl; // print address of var3 cout << "Address of var3: " << &var3 << endl; }

Question Two:

C++ Program to insert and display data entered by using pointer notation

```
#include <iostream.h>
int main() {
    float arr[5];
   // Insert data using pointer notation
    cout << "Enter 5 numbers: ";</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {</pre>
        // store input number in arr[i]
        cin >> *(arr + i);
    3
    // Display data using pointer notation
    cout << "Displaying data: " << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {</pre>
        // display value of arr[i]
        cout << *(arr + i) << endl ;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Question Three:

Write a C++ program to accept five integer values from keyword.

The five values will be stored in an array using a pointer. Then print the elements of the

array on the screen.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int arr[5],i;
    int *p=arr;
    cout<<"Enter five numbers: ";
    cin>>*p>>*(p+1)>>*(p+2)>>*(p+3)>>*(p+4);
    cout<<"Your numbers are:\n";
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    cout<<arr[i]<<endl;
    return 0;
    }
</pre>
```

Question Four:

Modify the solution of exercise 1 in order to print the elements of the array in reverse order using a pointer.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int arr[5],i;
    int *p=arr;
    cout<<"Enter five numbers: ";
    cin>>*p>>*(p+1)>>*(p+2)>>*(p+3)>>*(p+4);
    cout<<"Your numbers are:\n";
    for(i=4;i>=0;i--)
    cout<<*(p+i)<<endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Question Five:

Write a C++ function to sort an array of ten integer values in ascending order.

The function will accept two arguments-- a pointer that points to the array and the array size. The function returns a pointer that points to the sorted array.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int *sortAsc(int *p, int size);
   int main()
    £
     int arr[]={23,34,2,3,5,12,42,56,89,8};
     int *p=sortAsc(arr,10);
     //output the sorted array
     int i;
     for(i=0;i<10;i++)</pre>
       cout<<* (p+i) <<endl;</pre>
       return 0;
     }
int *sortAsc(int *p, int n) {
    int i,j;
    for(i=0;i<<u>n</u>;i++)
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)</pre>
              if(*(p+j)<*(p+i))</pre>
                {
                  int temp=*(p+j);
                  *(p+j)=*(p+i);
                  * (<u>p</u>+i)=temp;
                  ł
   return p;
}
```

Question Six:

Modify the solution of exercise 1 in order to sort the array in descending order.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int *sortAsc(int *p, int size);
   int main()
  {
     int arr[]={23,34,2,3,5,12,42,56,89,8};
     int *p=sortAsc(arr,10);
      //output the sorted array
     int i:
     for(i=0;i<10;i++)</pre>
     cout<<*(p+i)<<endl;</pre>
     return 0;
    1
int *sortAsc(int *p, int n) {
    int i,j;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
         for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)</pre>
             if(*(<u>p</u>+j)>*(<u>p</u>+i))
                ł
                  int temp=*(p+j);
                  *(p+j)=*(p+i);
                   *(<u>p</u>+i)=temp;
                  Ъ
   return p;
}
```